# EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with required and additional supplementary information)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024



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# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Education of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- > Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's basic financial statements. The accompanying additional supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the additional supplementary information, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2024 on our consideration of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Maner Costerinan PC

September 27, 2024

#### EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

As management of the Eaton Regional Education Service Agency, we offer readers of the Agency's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Agency for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

The management's discussion and analysis is provided at the beginning of the audit to provide in layman's terms the past and current position of the Agency's financial condition. This summary should not be taken as a replacement for the audit which consists of the financial statements and other supplementary and additional information that presents all the Agency's revenue and expenditures by program.

### Financial Highlights

Our financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations.

#### **Governmental-wide Statements**

The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the Agency exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by (\$20,732,573) (*net position*).

### Fund Level Statements

- ➢ As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Agency's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,597,315, an increase of \$1,036,563 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the aggregated fund balances for the Agency's operating funds (general fund, special education fund, and career and technical education fund) was \$8,683,677 or 16% of the total expenditures of these operating funds. On page 15 you will find a breakdown of the fund balance of the three operating funds.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction of the Agency's basic financial statements. The Agency's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide Financial Statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Agency's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Agency's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Agency is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Agency's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements display functions of the Agency that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The activities of the Agency include instruction, support services, community service, and transfers to locals and other services. The Agency has no business-type activities as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024.

**Fund Financial Statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Agency, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Agency fall within the governmental fund type category.

**Governmental Funds.** *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Agency's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for government activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Agency's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Agency maintains numerous governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, special education fund, career and technical education fund, each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Agency adopts annual appropriated budgets for its general, special education, and career and technical education funds. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

Fiduciary funds are for assets that belong to others, such as certain student activities funds where the Agency is the trustee or fiduciary. The Agency cannot use these assets to finance its operations, but it is responsible to ensure that these funds are used for their intended purposes. Only measurable and currently available funds are reported. Liabilities to beneficiaries are recognized when an event has occurred that compels the Agency to disburse fiduciary resources. The Agency does not currently have any fiduciary funds.

**Notes to the Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning budgetary information for the Agency's major funds and pension and OPEB related information.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Our auditor has provided assurance in their independent auditor's report, located immediately preceding this Management's Discussion and Analysis, that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. Varying degrees of assurance are being provided by the auditor regarding the Required Supplementary Information and the Additional Information identified above. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts in the financial section.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

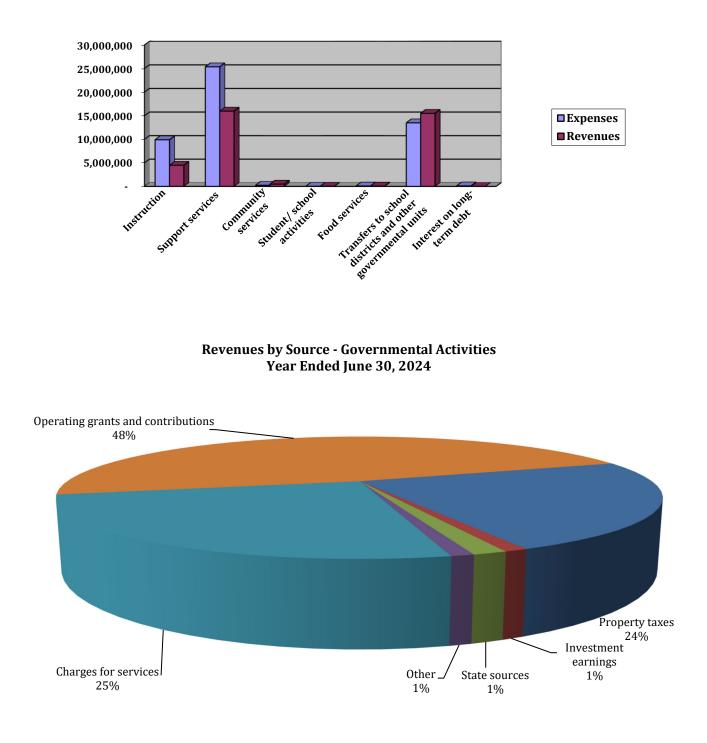
The following table shows the Agency's net position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's Net Position				
	2024	2023		
Assets				
Current assets	\$ 24,572,169	\$ 17,506,373		
Capital assets	7,756,401	6,837,966		
Net other postemployment benefits asset	680,380	-		
Total assets	33,008,950	24,344,339		
Deferred outflows of resources	14,330,460	17,306,755		
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	15,364,915	9,187,027		
Noncurrent liabilities	3,284,825	2,751,555		
Net pension liability	37,738,293	43,564,019		
Net other postemployment benefit liability		2,417,585		
Total liabilities	56,388,033	57,920,186		
Deferred inflows of resources	11,683,950	8,329,720		
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	4,389,663	3,877,191		
Restricted for special revenue	828,897	632,540		
Restricted for net other postemployment benefits	680,380	-		
Unrestricted	(26,631,513)	(29,108,543)		
Total net position	\$ (20,732,573)	\$ (24,598,812)		

Eaton Regional Education Servic Changes in Net Position		
	Governmen 2024	tal Activities 2023
Revenue		
Program revenue		
Charges for services	\$ 14,458,349	\$ 13,827,720
Operating grants and contributions	27,585,940	22,725,856
General revenue		
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	641,662	603,776
Property taxes, levied for special education	9,640,963	9,047,803
Property taxes, levied for career and technical education	3,217,829	3,012,922
Investment earnings	561,715	332,651
State sources not restricted to specific purposes	822,706	783,530
Intermediate sources	-	1,522
Other	557,296	288,538
Total revenue	57,486,460	50,624,318
Expenses		
Instruction	10,818,592	9,918,648
Supporting services	27,504,257	25,370,264
Community services	432,659	225,876
Student/school activities	20,549	14,234
Food Services	140,129	81,190
Intergovernmental expenses and transfers	14,591,204	13,509,865
Interest on long-term debt	112,831	99,061
Total expenses	53,620,221	49,219,138
Change in net position	3,866,239	1,405,180
Net position, beginning of year	(24,598,812)	(26,003,992
Net position, end of year	\$ (20,732,573)	\$ (24,598,812

# Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's

**Governmental Activities.** Net position improved by \$3,866,239 during the current period.



# Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Major Governmental Funds Budgeting and Operating Highlights**

The Agency's budgets are prepared according to Michigan law. The most significant budgeted funds are the general fund, special education fund, and career and technical education fund.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the Agency amended the budgets of these major governmental funds two times.

**General Fund -** The general fund actual revenue was \$15.76 million. That amount is above the original budget estimate of \$12.25 million and below the final budget amendment of \$17.34 million. The variance with the final budget can be attributed to less than expected revenue from state and federal sources due to grants that cross multiple fiscal years.

The actual expenditures of the general fund were \$17.10 million. That amount is above the original budget of \$13.88 million and below the final budget amendment of \$18.71 million. The variance with the final budget can be attributed to less than expected expenditures for instruction, supporting services, and transfers to school districts and other governmental units.

General fund had total revenues of \$15.76 million plus transfers in and other financing sources of \$2.50 million and total expenditures of \$17.10 million plus transfers out of approximately \$526,000 resulting in a net increase of approximately \$633,000 and an ending fund balance of \$3.26 million.

**Special Education Fund -** The special education fund actual revenue was \$34.45 million. That amount is above the original budget of \$32.02 million and consistent with the final amendment of \$34.29 million.

The actual expenditures of the special education fund were \$31.77 million, which is above the original budget of \$29.74 million and below the final amendment of \$32.86 million. The variance with the final budget can be attributed to less than expected expenditures on pupil staff and pupil transportation supporting services.

Special education fund had total revenue of \$34.45 million plus other financing sources of approximately \$250,000 and total expenditures of \$31.77 million plus transfers out of \$2.41 million resulting in a net increase of approximately \$512,000 and an ending fund balance of \$2.02 million.

**Career and Technical Education Fund -** The career and technical education fund actual revenue was \$6.43 million. That amount is above the original budget of \$5.22 million and above the final amendment of \$6.06 million. The variance with the final budget can be attributed to more than expected revenue from state sources due to grants that cross multiple fiscal years.

The actual expenditures were \$6.44 million, which is above the original budget of \$5.59 million and above the final amendment of \$6.13 million. The variance with the final budget can be attributed to more than expected transfers to school districts and other governmental units.

Career and technical education fund had total revenue of \$6.43 million plus other financing sources of approximately \$204,000 and total expenditures of \$6.44 million plus transfers out of approximately \$196,000 resulting in a net decrease of approximately \$3,400 and an ending fund balance of \$3.40 million.

**Governmental Funds -** The focus of the Agency's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Agency's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of an agency's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Agency. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance was \$3,062,549, while total fund balance of the general fund was \$3,261,737. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 17% of total general fund expenditures and operating transfers out, while total fund balance represents 19%.

The fund balance of the Agency's general fund increased by \$633,040 during the current fiscal year. The largest revenue source in this fund is state revenue which includes state aid. Expenditures consist primarily of costs associated with supporting early education, learning resources, executive administration, and fiscal services of the Agency.

The special education fund at year end had restricted fund balance of \$1,977,897, while total fund balance of the special education fund was \$2,022,089. Restricted fund balance represents approximately 6% of total special education fund expenditures and operating transfers out, while total fund balance also represents approximately 6%.

The fund balance of the Agency's special education fund increased by \$512,033 from the prior year. These resources are restricted for special education programs administered by the Agency and transfers to local districts for special education programs. The largest portion of this fund's revenues come from local revenue which includes property taxes while the largest expenditures are for the center and categorical programs and pupil support services to the local districts which include a large number of itinerant staff.

The career and technical education fund at year end had restricted fund balance of \$3,398,624, while total fund balance for the career and technical education fund was \$3,399,851. Restricted fund balance represents approximately 51% of total career and technical education fund expenditures and operating transfers out, while total fund balance also represents approximately 51%.

The fund balance of the Agency's career and technical education fund decreased by \$3,419 from the prior year. These resources are restricted for career and technical education purposes. The largest portion of this fund's revenues comes from property taxes while the expenditures are for the programs at the Technical Center.

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets** - At the end of fiscal year 2024, the Agency had \$13.62 million invested in construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, vehicles and buses, and right to use leased equipment, building space, and SBITAs. Of this amount, \$5.86 million in depreciation has been taken over the years. The Agency has net capital assets of \$7.76 million.

Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)				
	2024	2023		
Construction in process	\$ 26,959	\$ 194,461		
Buildings and improvements	10,880,040	10,101,332		
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	1,678,685	1,474,134		
Vehicles and buses	105,881	105,881		
Right to use - leased equipment	187,162	-		
Right to use - leased building space	566,403	113,220		
Right to use - SBITAs	171,852	110,437		
Subtotal	13,616,982	12,099,465		
Accumulated depreciation	5,860,581	5,261,499		
Total	\$ 7,756,401	\$ 6,837,966		

Additional information on the Agency's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

The Agency's long-term obligations at June 30, 2024 is \$3,659,573. Additional information on the Agency's long-term obligations can be found in Note 7 of this report.

### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the Agency was aware of existing circumstances that could affect its financial health in the future.

The Agency receives a substantial amount of its operating funds from local property taxes. Throughout the years, the Agency has experienced millage reductions in its three major operating funds due to the Headlee Amendment. Reductions to the millage rate happens when property values increase at a higher rate than inflation. The voters approved a .9 special education millage renewal/increase on the November 7, 2023, ballot. Approximately \$3.5 million in funds will be collected annually for 10 years. The additional funds will be used to help offset the funding shortfall in special education throughout the Agency's service area starting in the 2024-25 fiscal year.

The Agency continues to evaluate capital project needs by utilizing a 10-year rolling plan. Capital projects consist of major equipment purchases, building and site improvements, and construction projects. The capital projects plan assists in forecasting the timing and cost of projects and purchases. This strategic approach is necessary since the Agency is prohibited from assessing a millage for sinking or debt funds.

The Agency successfully negotiated a successor contract with its certified personnel bargaining unit prior to the June 30, 2024, expiration date. Management and union personnel reached a four-year agreement which includes new pay scales. This contract covers about fifty-five percent of the Agency's personnel. Additionally, the Agency successfully negotiated a two-year agreement in the prior fiscal year with its support staff personnel bargaining unit, which will expire on June 30, 2025.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and customers with a general overview of the Agency's finances and to demonstrate the Agency's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Tina Monroe, Executive Director of Finance & Operations, Eaton Regional Education Service Agency, 1790 E. Packard Highway, Charlotte, MI 48813.

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

ACCETC	Governmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables	\$ 11,838,934 4,525,756
Accounts receivable Taxes receivable	325,276 392
Intergovernmental Prepaids	7,637,204 244,607
Net other postemployment benefits asset Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	680,380 26,959 7,729,442
TOTAL ASSETS	33,008,950
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to pension Related to other postemployment benefit	11,459,416 2,871,044
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	14,330,460
LIABILITIES	1 007 (07
Accounts payable	1,096,686
Accrued salaries and related items	1,188,670
Accrued retirement	790,923
Accrued expenditures	305,190
Accrued interest	15,313 2 815 522
Intergovernmental payable Unearned revenue	2,815,533 8,777,852
Noncurrent liabilities	0,///,032
Due within one year	374,748
Due in more than one year	3,284,825
Net pension liability	37,738,293
TOTAL LIABILITIES	56,388,033
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to pension	3,820,810
Related to other postemployment benefit Related to state funding for pension	5,480,691 2,382,449
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	11,683,950
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	4,389,663
Restricted for special revenue (career and technical education fund)	828,897
Restricted for net other postemployment benefits	680,380
Unrestricted	(26,631,513)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (20,732,573)

# EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Charges for Services	Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
T unctions/ 1 rograms	Expenses	50171005	contributions	Net I Ostiloli
Governmental activities				
Instruction	\$ 10,818,592	\$ 4,201	\$ 6,011,737	\$ (4,802,654)
Support services	27,504,257	2,373,115	17,130,216	(8,000,926)
Community services	432,659	341,350	460,433	369,124
Student/school activities	20,549	-	31,864	11,315
Food services	140,129	-	69,776	(70,353)
Intergovernmental expenses				
and transfers	14,591,204	11,739,683	3,881,914	1,030,393
Interest on long-term debt	112,831		-	(112,831)
Total governmental activities	\$ 53,620,221	\$ 14,458,349	\$ 27,585,940	(11,575,932)
General revenues Property taxes, levied for general purp Property taxes, levied for special educa Property taxes, levied for career and te Investment earnings State sources not restricted to specific Other	ation echnical education			641,662 9,640,963 3,217,829 561,715 822,706 557,296
Total general revenues				15,442,171
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				3,866,239
NET POSITION, beginning of year				(24,598,812)
NET POSITION, end of year				\$ (20,732,573)

See notes to financial statements.

# EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

			Special Revenue							
		General Fund	]	Special Education Fund		Career and Technical acation Fund	N	Total Ionmajor Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,407,181	\$	2,521,171	\$	4,983,899	\$	926,683	\$	11,838,934
Investments	φ	2,667,024	φ	175,624	φ	1,683,108	φ	- 20,003	φ	4,525,756
Receivables		2,007,021		175,021		1,005,100				1,525,750
Accounts receivable		101,726		223,550		-		-		325,276
Property taxes receivable		18		281		93		-		392
Intergovernmental		3,314,173		3,192,849		1,128,363		1,819		7,637,204
Prepaids		199,188		44,192		1,227		-		244,607
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	9,689,310	\$	6,157,667	\$	7,796,690	\$	928,502	\$	24,572,169
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	500,942	\$	551,388	\$	31,247	\$	13,109	\$	1,096,686
Accrued salaries and related items		295,873		795,673		96,491		633		1,188,670
Accrued retirement		221,405		504,622		63,774		1,122		790,923
Accrued expenditures		81,749		198,697		24,744		-		305,190
Intergovernmental payable		1,066,252		1,064,663		684,618		-		2,815,533
Unearned revenue		4,261,352		1,020,535		3,495,965		-		8,777,852
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,427,573		4,135,578		4,396,839		14,864		14,974,854
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable										
Prepaids		199,188		44,192		1,227		-		244,607
Restricted										
Special education		-		1,977,897		-		-		1,977,897
Career and technical education		-		-		3,398,624		-		3,398,624
Food service		-		-		-		2,176		2,176
Commited								46.075		46.075
Student/school activities Assigned		-		-		-		46,075		46,075
Debt service		-		-		_		28,312		28,312
Capital projects		-		-		-		837,075		837,075
Unassigned		3,062,549		-		-		-		3,062,549
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		3,261,737		2,022,089		3,399,851		913,638		9,597,315
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND										
FUND BALANCES	\$	9,689,310	\$	6,157,667	\$	7,796,690	\$	928,502	\$	24,572,169

### EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 9,597,315
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Deferred outflows of resources - related to pension Deferred inflows of resources - related to pension Deferred outflows of resources - related to other postemployment benefit Deferred inflows of resources - related to other postemployment benefit Deferred inflows of resources - related to state funding for pension	11,459,416 (3,820,810) 2,871,044 (5,480,691) (2,382,449)
Some assets are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Such noncurrent asset(s) at year-end consist of: Net other postemployment benefits asset	680,380
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds: The cost of the capital assets is \$ 13,616,92 Accumulated depreciation/amortization is \$ (5,860,52)	
	7,756,401
Long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds: General obligation bonds payable Direct borrowing and direct placement Compensated absences Accrued interest is not included as a liability in governmental funds, it is recorded when paid Net pension liability	 (2,669,725) (697,013) (292,835) (15,313) (37,738,293)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (20,732,573)

# EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Special Revenue			
	General Fund	Special Education Fund	Career and Technical Education Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Local sources					
Property taxes	\$ 641,662	\$ 9,640,963	\$ 3,217,829	\$ -	\$ 13,500,454
Investment earnings	176,940	351,072	33,703	-	561,715
Student/school activities	-	-	-	31,864	31,864
Other	549,382	1,370,434	2,000		1,921,816
Total local sources	1,367,984	11,362,469	3,253,532	31,864	16,015,849
State sources	9,165,304	9,682,723	2,423,453	22,884	21,294,364
Federal sources	1,733,237	4,189,370	366,512	69,776	6,358,895
Interdistrict sources and other	3,496,885	9,211,645	385,299		13,093,829
TOTAL REVENUES	15,763,410	34,446,207	6,428,796	124,524	56,762,937
EXPENDITURES					
Current	4 247 567	2 224 406	2 212 (52		10704625
Instruction Supporting services	4,247,567 10,190,637	3,234,406 16,657,426	3,312,652 2,440,670	-	10,794,625 29,288,733
Community service activities	376,052	57,214	2,440,670	-	436,095
Outgoing transfers to other districts	2,203,158	11,780,247	607,799	-	14,591,204
Food service	2,203,138	11,700,247		144,430	144,430
Student/school activities	_	-	-	20,549	20,549
Capital outlay	-	-	-	778,408	778,408
Debt service				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,0,100
Principal repayment	82,857	29,428	71,286	145,000	328,571
Interest expense	3,799	11,936	4,790	96,225	116,750
•					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	17,104,070	31,770,657	6,440,026	1,184,612	56,499,365
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,340,660)	2,675,550	(11,230)	(1,060,088)	263,572
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from leases/SBITAs	319,808	249,633	203,550	_	772,991
Transfers in	2,179,878	247,035	203,330	954,997	3,134,875
Transfers out	(525,986)	(2,413,150)	(195,739)	-	(3,134,875)
	(020)/00)	(_)110)100)	(190),099	·	(0)10 1)07 0 ]
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	1,973,700	(2,163,517)	7,811	954,997	772,991
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	633,040	512,033	(3,419)	(105,091)	1,036,563
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of year	2,628,697	1,510,056	3,403,270	1,018,729	8 560 752
beginning of year	2,020,077	1,510,050	5,703,270	1,010,729	8,560,752
End of year	\$ 3,261,737	\$ 2,022,089	\$ 3,399,851	\$ 913,638	\$ 9,597,315

#### EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds	\$ 1,036,563
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities	
these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization:	
Depreciation/amortization expense	(696,711)
Capital outlay	1,650,761
Loss on termination of SBITA asset	(35,615)
Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred;	
it is not recorded in governmental funds until it is paid:	
Accrued interest payable, beginning of the year	16,038
Accrued interest payable, end of the year	(15,313)
The issuance of long term obligations (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to	
governmental funds, while repayment of principal of long-term obligations consumes the	
current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has	
any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized	
in the statement of activities. The effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term	
and related items are as follows:	
Proceeds from leases/SBITAs	(772,991)
Payments on general obligation bonds	145,000
Payments on direct borrowings and direct placement	183,571
Gain on termination of SBITA liability	35,263
Amortization of premium on bond issuance	3,194
Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities and	
recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds:	
Accrued compensated absences, beginning of the year	16,148
Accrued compensated absences, end of the year	(292,835)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Pension related items	(172,526)
Other postemployment benefit related items	2,042,169
Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred	
outflows to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period:	2 105 072
State aid funding for pension, beginning of the year State aid funding for pension, end of the year	3,105,972
	 (2,382,449)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,866,239

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Eaton Regional Education Service Agency (the "Agency") is governed by the Eaton Regional Education Service Agency Board of Education (the "Board"), which has responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education within the Agency. The Agency receives funding from local, state, and federal sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Agency is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, the Agency's reporting entity does not contain any component units as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements.

#### **Description of Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Agency. All fiduciary activities, if any, are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities* normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

#### Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from the governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds (currently none), even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide information about the Agency's funds, including its fiduciary funds (currently none). Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary (currently none) - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Agency reports the following *Major Governmental Funds*:

The *General Fund* is the Agency's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Agency, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Special Education Fund* accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for special education programs.

The *Career and Technical Education Fund* accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for career and technical education.

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The Agency reports the following Nonmajor Funds:

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The nonmajor *Special Revenue Funds* account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects). The Agency accounts for its food service and student/school activities as special revenue funds.

The *General, Special Education, and Career and Technical Education Capital Projects Funds* account for the accumulation of resources for the construction/purchase of construction/capital assets.

During the course of operations, the Agency has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Agency considers revenues to be available if they are generally collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, or shortly thereafter. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state and federal aid, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expendituredriven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end or shortly thereafter).

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a State-wide formula. The foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of State funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the current year ended, the foundation allowance was based on pupil membership counts.

The state portion of the foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills on Principal Residence Exemption (PRE) property and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the foundation is funded primarily by Non-PRE property taxes which may be levied at a rate up to 18 mills as well as 6 mills for Commercial Personal Property Tax. The state revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October to August. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30 is reported as an intergovernmental receivable.

The Agency also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain governmental funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received and accrued, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue.

All other revenue items are generally considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Agency.

# **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### **Budgetary Information**

#### Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund and special revenue funds. Other funds do not have appropriated budgets.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executor) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). The Agency does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

The Agency follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. The Superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The level of control for the budgets is at the functional level as set forth and presented as required supplementary information.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by School Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (1968 PA 2). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated. Violations, if any, in the general fund and the major special revenue funds are noted in the required supplementary information section.
- d. Transfers may be made for budgeted amounts between major expenditure functions within any fund; however, these transfers and any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the School Board.
- e. The budget was amended during the year with supplemental appropriations, the last one approved prior to year-end June 30, 2024. The final budget was approved prior to the June 30, 2024, year-end with more than originally expected revenues and appropriations due to previous uncertainty in state and federal funding when the original budget was adopted. Although the Agency does consider these amendments to be significant, they were deemed necessary due to considerable uncertainty at the time the original budget was adopted.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Agency's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

# **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

#### Investments

In accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, the Agency is authorized to invest in the following investment vehicles:

- a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or a savings and loan association which is a member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC) or a credit union which is insured by the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA), but only if the bank, savings and loan association, or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belonging to the State under section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being Section 21.145 and 21.146 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services, and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- e. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- f. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles, which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Michigan Compiled Laws allow for collateralization of government deposits, if the assets for pledging are acceptable to the State Treasurer under Section 3 of 1855 PA 105, MCL 21.143, to secure deposits of State surplus funds, securities issued by the Federal Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, or Government National Mortgage Association.

### Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, transportation vehicles, and right to use assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Agency as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Group purchases are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Right to use assets of the Agency are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease/subscription period, or the estimated useful lives. The other property, plant, and equipment of the Agency are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Asset Classes	Lives
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles and buses	8 years
Right to use - leased equipment	5 years
Right to use - leased building space	3 - 7 years
Right to use - SBITAs	2 - 5 years

#### **Defined Benefit Plans**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and other postemployment benefit asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and other postemployment benefit, and pension and other postemployment benefit expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Deferred Outflows

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Agency has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are pension and other postemployment benefit related items reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred outflow is recognized for pension and other postemployment benefit related items. These amounts are expensed in the plan year in which they apply.

# **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

### Deferred Inflows

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Agency has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is restricted section 147c state aid deferred to offset deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period. The second and third items are future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension and other postemployment benefit actuarial calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension and other postemployment benefit liability and the actual results. The amounts are amortized over a period determined by the actuary.

#### Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Agency will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Agency's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

### Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the Agency will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Agency's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

### Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Agency itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Agency's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Agency that can, by adoption of a board action prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the board action remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another board action) to remove or revise the limitation.

# **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

#### *Fund Balance Policies (continued)*

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Agency for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Education has by resolution authorized the superintendent or their designee to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

#### Leases and Subscription-based IT Arrangements (SBITA)

The Agency is a lessee for a noncancelable lease/subscription of equipment and building space and subscriptionbased IT arrangements. The Agency recognizes a lease/SBITA liability and an intangible right-to-use lease/subscription asset in the government-wide financial statements. The Agency recognizes lease/SBITA liabilities with an initial, individual value that it considers significant to the government-wide financial statements, or with annual lease payments that are considered significant to the fund in which they are accounted for.

At the commencement of a lease/subscription, the Agency initially measures the lease/SBITA liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease/subscription term. Subsequently, the lease/SBITA liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease/subscription payments made. The lease/SBITA asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease/SBITA liability, adjusted for lease/subscription payments made at or before the lease/subscription commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease/SBITA asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases/SBITAs include how the Agency determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease/subscription payments to present value, (2) lease/subscription term, and (3) lease/subscription payments.

- The Agency uses the interest rate charged by the lessor/SBITA vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor/SBITA vendor is not provided, the Agency generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases/SBITAs.
- The lease/subscription term includes the noncancelable period of the lease/subscription. Lease/subscription payments included in the measurement of the lease/SBITA liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the Agency is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Agency monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease/SBITA and will remeasure the lease/SBITA asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease/SBITA liability.

Lease/SBITA assets are reported with other capital assets and lease/SBITA liabilities are reported with long-term obligations in the statement of net position.

# **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### **Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses**

#### Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, unrestricted state aid, interest, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### Property Taxes

Property taxes levied by the Agency are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the Agency. The taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1 and December 1 and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer and become a lien on the first day of the levy year. The actual due dates are September 14 and February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity.

Property taxes receivable are recorded net of allowances for uncollectible taxes.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Agency levied the following amounts per \$1,000 of assessed valuation:

Fund	Mills		
General Fund	0.1776		
Special Revenue Funds			
Special Education Fund	2.6712		
Career and Technical Education Fund	0.8899		

### **Compensated Absences**

The Agency's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

### Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term bonds and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method over the term of the related debt. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the year in which they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

As of June 30, 2024, the Agency had deposits and investments subject to the following risk:

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, there is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Agency's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2024, \$11,450,675 of the Agency's bank balance of \$11,950,675 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The carrying value on the books for deposits at the end of the year was \$11,838,931.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Agency will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Agency will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the Agency will do business.

#### Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the Agency will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the Agency's cash requirements.

		Weighted
		Average
		Maturity
Investment Type	Fair Value	(Years)
Michigan Class Investment Pool	\$ 4,525,756	0.0822
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.0822

One day maturity equals 0.0027, one year equals 1.00.

### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Agency will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Agency's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

Investment Type	Fair Value	Rating	Rating Agency
Michigan Class Investment Pool	\$ 4,525,756	AAAm	Standard & Poor's

### **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)**

#### Foreign Currency Risk

The Agency is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

#### Fair Value Measurement

The Agency is required to disclose amounts within a framework established for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.
- Level 2: Prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk and others.
- Level 3: Prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. In situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant, unobservable inputs may be used. Unobservable inputs reflect the Agency's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment and would be based on the best information available.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The Agency does not have any investments that are subject to the fair value hierarchy.

#### Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share

The Agency holds shares or interests in the Michigan CLASS investment pool where the fair value of the investments is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment companies as a practical expedient.

The Michigan CLASS investment pool invest in U.S. Treasury obligations, federal agency obligations of the U.S. government, high-grade commercial paper (rated "A1" or better), collateralized bank deposits, repurchase agreements (collateralized at 102% by treasuries and agencies), and approved money market funds. The program is designed to meet the needs of Michigan public sector investors. It purchases securities that are legally permissible under state statues and are available for investment by Michigan counties, cities, townships, school districts, authorities, and other public agencies.

#### **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)**

#### Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (continued)

At the year ended June 30, 2024, the fair value, unfunded commitments, and redemption rules of those investments are as follows:

			Redemption	Redemption
		Unfunded	Frequency,	Notice
Investment Type	Fair Value	Commitments	if eligible	Period
Michigan Class Investment Pool	\$ 4,525,756	\$ -	No restrictions	None

The cash and cash equivalents and investments referred to above have been reported in either the cash and cash equivalents or investments captions on the financial statements, based upon criteria disclosed in Note 1.

The following summarizes the categorization of these amounts as of June 30, 2024:

The above amounts as previously reported in Note 2:	Total
Deposits Investments Petty cash and cash on hand	\$ 11,838,931 4,525,756 3
	\$ 16,364,690
The amounts are reported in the financial statements as follows:	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 11,838,934 4,525,756
	\$ 16,364,690

#### **NOTE 3 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES**

Intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2024 consist of the following:

	Go	Government- wide	
Federal sources State sources Interdistrict sources Other sources	\$	2,109,889 4,634,415 692,427 200,473	
	\$	7,637,204	

No allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary based on previous experience.

#### **NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES**

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

There were no interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2024.

# **NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

A summary of changes in the Agency's capital assets follows:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions/ Reclassifications	Deletions/ Reclassifications	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Construction in process	\$ 194,461	\$ 26,959	\$ (194,461)	\$ 26,959
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized				
Buildings and improvements	10,101,332	778,708	-	10,880,040
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	1,474,134	266,564	(62,013)	1,678,685
Vehicles and buses	105,881	-	-	105,881
Right to use - leased equipment	-	187,162	-	187,162
Right to use - leased building space	113,220	453,183	-	566,403
Right to use - SBITAs	110,437	132,646	(71,231)	171,852
Subtotal	11,905,004	1,818,263	(133,244)	13,590,023
Accumulated depreciation/amortization				
Buildings and improvements	4,515,183	364,014	-	4,879,197
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	617,317	146,115	(62,013)	701,419
Vehicles and buses	47,802	13,235	-	61,037
Right to use - leased equipment	-	32,679	-	32,679
Right to use - leased building space	37,740	110,719	-	148,459
Right to use - SBITAs	43,457	29,949	(35,616)	37,790
Subtotal	5,261,499	696,711	(97,629)	5,860,581
Net capital assets being depreciated/amortized	6,643,505	1,121,552	(35,615)	7,729,442
Net governmental capital assets	\$ 6,837,966	\$ 1,148,511	\$ (230,076)	\$ 7,756,401

Depreciation/amortization for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 amounted to \$696,711. The Agency allocated depreciation/amortization to the various activities as follows:

Governmental activities	
Instruction	\$ 139,427
Support services	551,651
Community services	 5,633
Total governmental activities	\$ 696,711

#### **NOTE 6 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL PAYABLES**

Intergovernmental payables as of June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities	Amount	
Interdistrict payables Other governmental payables	\$	2,293,301 522,232
Total governmental activities	\$	2,815,533

#### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term obligations of the Agency for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	 General Obligation Bonds	а	Direct orrowings nd Direct lacement	mpensated Absences	 Total
Balance, July 1, 2023	\$ 2,817,919	\$	142,856	\$ 16,148	\$ 2,976,923
Additions Deletions	 (148,194)		772,991 (218,834)	 276,687 -	 1,049,678 (367,028)
Balance, June 30, 2024	2,669,725		697,013	292,835	3,659,573
Due within one year	 150,000		195,464	 29,284	 374,748
Due in more than one year	\$ 2,519,725	\$	501,549	\$ 263,551	\$ 3,284,825

The Agency issues general and limited obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, and improvement of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Agency. Other long-term obligations include direct borrowings and direct placement related to leases and SBITAs and employee compensated absences.

# NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Long-term obligations currently outstanding are as follows:

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

2018 Building & Site Bonds dated May 22, 2018, which bear interest of 3.50%, are due in annual installments of \$150,000 to \$375,000 each May 1st through 2038. Payments are made from the Debt Service Fund.	\$ 2,625,000
Plus premium on bond issuance	 44,725
Total general obligation bonds	 2,669,725
Direct Borrowing and Direct Placement	
Vocational education space lease due in semi-annual installments of \$19,536 through June 2025, with an implied interest rate of 2.00%.	38,494
Copier lease due in monthly installments of \$3,132 through October 2028, with an implied interest rate of 2.00%.	155,881
Office space lease due in monthly installments ranging from \$3,364 to \$3,786 through July 2028, with an implied interest rate of 2.00%.	169,999
Classroom lease due in quarterly installments of \$10,677 through July 2030, with an implied interest rate of 5.00%.	220,205
Munetrix subscription due in annual installments of \$45,551 through January 2027, with an implied interest rate of 2.00%.	88,440
Accounting software subscription due in annual installments ranging from \$8,158 to \$8,488 through July 2026, with an implied interest rate of 2.00%.	 23,994
Total direct borrowing and direct placement	 697,013
Total general obligation bonds and direct borrowing and direct placement	3,366,738
Compensated absences	 292,835
Total general long-term obligations	\$ 3,659,573

The Agency's outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placement related to governmental activities of \$697,013 contains provisions that in an event of default, either by (1) unable to make principal or interest payments (2) false or misrepresentation is made to the lender (3) become insolvent or make an assignment for the benefit of its creditors (4) if the lender at any time in good faith believes that the prospect of payment of any indebtedness is impaired. Upon the occurrence of any default event, the outstanding amounts, including accrued interest become immediately due and payable.

## **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)**

					orrowing and Placement		Compensated						
Year Ending June 30,	. —	Principal	]	Interest		Principal		Interest		Absences		Total	
2025	\$	150.000	\$	91.876	\$	195,464	\$	19,088	\$	-	\$	456,428	
2026	+	155.000	*	86.626	+	162.540	*	14,346	*	-	+	418,512	
2027		-		81,200		122,765		10,018		-		213,983	
2028		325,000		75,600		119,183		6,433		-		526,216	
2029		-		69,826		55,655		3,367		-		128,848	
2030 - 2034		1,115,000		255,328		41,406		1,302		-		1,413,036	
2035 - 2038		880,000		78,226		-		-		-		958,226	
		2,625,000		738,682		697,013		54,554		-		4,115,249	
Premium on bond issuance		44,725		-		-		-		-		44,725	
Compensated absences		-		-		-		-		292,835		292,835	
	\$	2,669,725	\$	738,682	\$	697,013	\$	54,554	\$	292,835	\$	4,452,809	

The annual payments to amortize the general obligation bonds are as follows:

## **NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

## Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) (System) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the Board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. MPSERS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that can be obtained at <u>www.michigan.gov/orsschools</u>.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State of Michigan Investment Board serves as the investment fiduciary and custodian for the System.

## Benefits Provided - Overall

Participants are enrolled in one of multiple plans based on date of hire and certain voluntary elections. A summary of the plans offered by MPSERS is as follows:

<u>Plan Name</u>	<u>Plan Type</u>	<u>Plan Status</u>
Basic	Defined Benefit	Closed
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	Defined Benefit	Closed
Pension Plus	Hybrid	Closed
Pension Plus 2	Hybrid	Open
Defined Contribution	Defined Contribution	Open

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

## **Benefits Provided - Pension**

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

Prior to Pension reform of 2010 there were two plans commonly referred to as Basic and the Member Investment Plan (MIP). Basic Plan member's contributions range from 0% - 4%. On January 1, 1987, the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. Members first hired January 1, 1990, or later including Pension Plus Plan members, contribute at various graduated permanently fixed contribution rates from 3.0% - 7.0%.

## Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010, is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

## Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010, and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below:

<u>Option 1</u> - Members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they terminate public school employment.

- ▶ Basic Plan Members: 4% contribution
- Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution

## **NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)**

## Pension Reform 2012 (continued)

<u>Option 2</u> - Members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transition date (0% for Basic plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service thereafter would include a 1.25% pension factor.

<u>Option 3</u> - Members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.

<u>Option 4</u> - Members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to the tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k)-account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 account. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their total years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and final average compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012, choose between two retirement plans: The Pension Plus Plan and a Defined Contribution that provides a 50% employer match up to 3% of salary on employee contributions.

<u>Final Average Compensation (FAC)</u> - Average of highest 60 consecutive months for Basic Plan members and Pension Plus members (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected Option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the transition date.

## Pension Reform of 2017

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closed the Pension Plus Plan to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018, and created a new, optional Pension Plus 2 Plan with similar plan benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 cost share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the Pension Plus 2 Plan is 6%. Further, under certain adverse actuarial conditions, the Pension Plus 2 Plan will close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The law included other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

## Benefits Provided - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB)

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members), have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

## Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions will be deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

## Regular Retirement (no reduction factor for age)

<u>Eligibility</u> - A Basic plan member may retire at age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, age 46 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through their 60<sup>th</sup> birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus Plan (PPP) members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012.

## Member Contributions

Depending on the plan selected, member contributions range from 0% - 7% for pension and 0% - 3% for other postemployment benefits. Plan members electing the Defined Contribution Plan are not required to make additional contributions.

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

## **Employer Contributions**

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits and OPEB. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The normal cost is the annual cost assigned under the actuarial funding method, to the current and subsequent plan years. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023, were determined as of the September 30, 2020, actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB benefits, the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities as of September 30, 2020, are amortized over a 16-year period beginning October 1, 2022 and ending September 30, 2038.

School districts' contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are several different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS. The range of rates is as follows:

		Other
		Postemployment
	Pension	Benefit
October 1, 2023 - September 30, 2024	13.90% - 23.03%	7.06% - 8.31%
October 1, 2022 - September 30, 2023	13.75% - 20.16%	7.21% - 8.07%

The Agency's pension contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024, were equal to the required contribution total. Total pension contributions were approximately \$5,207,000. Of the total pension contributions approximately \$5,008,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$199,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Plan.

The Agency's OPEB contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024, were equal to the required contribution total. Total OPEB contributions were approximately \$1,178,000. Of the total OPEB contributions approximately \$1,082,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan approximately \$96,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan app

These amounts, for both pension and OPEB benefit, include contributions funded from State Revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate (100% for pension and 0% for OPEB).

## **NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)**

## <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to Pensions</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2022, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The Agency's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-university Employers	September 3	0, 2023 Se	September 30, 2022		
Total pension liability	\$ 94,947,8	328.557 \$	95,876,795,620		
Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 62,581,7		58,268,076,344		
Net pension liability	\$ 32,366,0	)66,319 \$	37,608,719,276		
Proportionate share	0.	11660%	0.11583%		
Net pension liability for the Agency	\$ 37,7	738,293 \$	43,564,019		

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Agency recognized pension expense of \$5,180,552.

At June 30, 2024, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,191,283	\$ (57,809)
Net differences between projected and actual plan investment earnings	-	(772,248)
Changes of assumptions	5,113,710	(2,948,449)
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	524,202	(42,304)
Reporting Unit's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,630,221	
	\$ 11,459,416	\$ (3,820,810)

\$4,630,221, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Agency employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

## <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to Pensions (continued)</u>

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Amount
2024	\$    1,118,859
2025	719,245
2026	1,698,397
2027	(528,116)

## <u>OPEB Liabilities (Asset), OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to OPEB</u>

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of September 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2022, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The Agency's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-university Employers		ptember 30, 2023	September 30, 2022		
Total other postemployment benefit liability	\$	11,223,648,949	\$	12,522,713,324	
Plan fiduciary net position	\$	11,789,347,341	\$	10,404,650,683	
Net other postemployment benefit liability (asset)	\$	(565,698,392)	\$	2,118,062,641	
Proportionate share		0.12027%		0.11414%	
Net other postemployment benefit liability (asset)					
for the Agency	\$	(680,380)	\$	2,417,585	

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Agency recognized OPEB benefit of \$960,510.

## **NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)**

## <u>OPEB Liabilities (Asset), OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to OPEB (continued)</u>

At June 30, 2024, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$-	\$ (5,141,304)
Net differences between projected and actual plan investment earnings	2,074	-
Changes of assumptions	1,514,646	(182,392)
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	419,603	(156,995)
Reporting Unit's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	934,721	
	\$ 2,871,044	\$ (5,480,691)

\$934,721, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Agency employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (asset) in the subsequent fiscal year

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30,	Amount
2024	\$ (1,153,997)
2025	(1,086,166)
2026	(420,807)
2027	(427,340)
2028	(304,641)
2029	(151,417)

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions

**Investment Rate of Return for Pension** - 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the MIP, Basic, Pension Plus, and Pension Plus 2 Plan groups.

**Investment Rate of Return for OPEB** - 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses.

**Salary Increases** - The rate of pay increase used for individual members is 2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%.

Inflation - 3.0%.

## **Mortality Assumptions -**

*Retirees*: PubT-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables scaled by 116% for males and 116% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

*Active*: PubT-2010 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100% and MP-202 adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale from 2010.

*Disabled Retirees*: PubNS-2010 Male and Female Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

**Experience Study** - The annual actuarial valuation report of the System used for these statements is dated September 30, 2022. Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2017 through 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension and OPEB liability beginning with the September 30, 2023, valuation.

**The Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Investments** - The pension rate was 6.00% (MIP, Basic, Pension Plus Plan, and Pension Plus 2 Plan), and the other postemployment benefit rate was 6.00%, net of investment and administrative expenses determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

**Cost of Living Pension Adjustments** - 3.0% annual non-compounded for MIP members.

**Healthcare Cost Trend Rate for Other Postemployment Benefit** - Pre 65, 7.50% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen. Post 65, 6.25% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen.

## **NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)**

#### Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

**Additional Assumptions for Other Postemployment Benefit Only** - Applies to Individuals Hired Before September 4, 2012:

Opt Out Assumption - 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008, and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008, are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.

Survivor Coverage - 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees electing two-person coverage are assumed to have coverage continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage Election at Retirement - 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees who elected coverage are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

The target asset allocation at September 30, 2023 and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Investment Category	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.00%	5.8%
International Equity Pools	15.00%	6.8%
Private Equity Pools	16.00%	9.6%
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.00%	6.4%
Fixed Income Pools	13.00%	1.3%
Absolute Return Pools	9.00%	4.8%
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	10.00%	7.3%
Short Term Investment Pools	2.00%	0.3%
	100.00%	

\*Long term rate of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.7% inflation.

**Rate of Return** - For fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 8.29% and 7.94%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

**Pension Discount Rate** - A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. This discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from school districts will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## **NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)**

## Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

**OPEB Discount Rate** - A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that school districts contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

**Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Pension				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase			
Reporting Unit's proportionate						
share of the net pension liability	\$ 50,984,323	\$ 37,738,293	\$ 26,710,494			

**Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate** - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using a single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Other Postemployment Benefits					
	1%	Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1% Increase	
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net						
other postemployment benefit liability (asset)	\$	705,350	\$	(680,380)	\$ (1,871,280)	

**Sensitivity to the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates** - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability (asset) calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Other	Other Postemployment Benefits								
		Current								
		Healthcare Cost								
	1% Decrease	<b>Trend Rates</b>	1% Increase							
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability (asset)	\$ (1,874,249)	\$ (680,380)	\$ 611,777							

## **NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)**

#### Pension and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

**Payable to the Pension and OPEB Plan** - At year end the Agency is current on all required pension and other postemployment benefit plan payments. Amounts accrued at year end for accounting purposes are separately stated in the financial statements as a liability titled accrued retirement. These amounts represent current payments for June paid in July, accruals for summer pay primarily for teachers, and the contributions due from State Revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL).

## **NOTE 9 - GRANTS**

The Agency receives numerous grants in the furtherance of its educational purposes. Sources of grants for the year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	General	Special	Career and Technical	Food			
Source	Education	Education	Education	Service	Total		
Local State Federal	\$ 147,085 7,390,488 1,733,237	\$	\$- 1,071,879 366,512	\$ - - 69,776	\$     152,175 8,626,326 6,254,992		
	\$ 9,270,810	\$ 4,254,516	\$ 1,438,391	\$ 69,776	\$ 15,033,493		

Federal grant sources do not include \$103,903 of Medicaid funds and certain adjustments which are included in the supplemental Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

## **NOTE 10 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

The composition of interfund transfers at June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Transfers Out Career and										
		Special	Technical	hnical							
	General	Education	Education								
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total							
Transfers in											
General fund	\$-	\$ 2,010,613	\$ 169,265	\$ 2,179,878							
Nonmajor governmental funds	525,986	402,537	26,474	954,997							
Tetel	¢ 535.00 <i>(</i>	¢ 0410150	¢ 105 720	¢ 0.104.075							
Total	\$ 525,986	\$ 2,413,150	\$ 195,739	\$ 3,134,875							

Transfers provided funding for the general fund as a result of shared costs in the special education and career and technical education funds. Transfers also provided funding for debt service and capital projects.

## **NOTE 11 - TAX ABATEMENTS**

The Agency is required to disclose significant tax abatements as required by GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatements*.

The Agency receives reduced property tax revenues as a result of Industrial Facilities Tax exemptions, Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements, and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) granted by cities, villages, and townships. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities, or to rehabilitate historical facilities; Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements are intended to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties; PILOT programs apply to multiple unit housing for citizens of low income and the elderly. The property taxes abated for all funds by municipality under these programs are as follows:

Municipality	Taxes Abated				
City of Charlotte	\$	1,628			
City of Eaton Rapids		693			
City of Grand Ledge		4,713			
City of Lansing		413,448			
City of Potterville		103			
Delta Township		39,559			
Oneida Township		10,743			
	\$	470,887			

There are no abatements made by the Agency.

## **NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS**

The Agency has approximately \$816,000 recorded as internally committed fund balance in the Career and Technical Education Fund at June 30, 2024. The fund balance in this fund is restricted on the governmental balance sheet. The Agency has an internal commitment that they track annually.

## **NOTE 13 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Agency expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

## **NOTE 14 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. The Agency is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

In December 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the government vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this Statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. If a government determines that those criteria for disclosure have been met for a concentration or constraint, it should disclose information in notes to financial statements in sufficient detail to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature of circumstances disclosed and the government's vulnerability to the risk of substantial impact. The Agency is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. This Statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements - or modifies existing requirements - related to the following:

- a. Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A);
  - i. Requires that the information presented in MD&A be limited to the related topics discussed in five specific sections:
    - 1) Overview of the Financial Statements,
    - 2) Financial Summary,
    - 3) Detailed Analyses,
    - 4) Significant Capital Asset and Long-Term Financing Activity,
    - 5) Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions;
  - ii. Stresses detailed analyses should explain why balances and results of operations changed rather than simply presenting the amounts or percentages by which they changed;
  - iii. Removes the requirement for discussion of significant variations between original and final budget amounts and between final budget amounts and actual results;
- b. Unusual or infrequent items;
- c. Presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position;
  - i. Requires that the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position continue to distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses and clarifies the definition of operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses;
  - ii. Requires that a subtotal for *operating income (loss) and noncapital subsidies* be presented before reporting other nonoperating revenues and expenses and defines subsidies;
- d. Information about major component units in basic financial statements should be presented separately in the statement of net position and statement of activities unless it reduces the readability of the statements in which case combining statements of should be presented after the fund financial statements;
- e. Budgetary comparison information should include variances between original and final budget amounts and variances between final budget and actual amounts with explanations of significant variances required to be presented in the notes to RSI.

## NOTE 14 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (continued)

The Agency is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2025-2026 fiscal year.

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES		+ 1001 (1F	* 10/5001	<b>* 22</b> ( <b>2</b> ( <b>2</b> ))
Local sources	\$ 824,415	\$ 1,081,615	\$ 1,367,984	\$ 286,369
State sources Federal sources	6,126,670 2,233,028	10,010,136 2,535,544	9,165,304 1,733,237	(844,832) (802,307)
Interdistrict sources and other	3,062,082	2,535,544 3,717,405	3,496,885	(220,520)
inter district sources and other	5,002,002	3,717,403	3,490,003	(220,320)
TOTAL REVENUES	12,246,195	17,344,700	15,763,410	(1,581,290)
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction				
Basic programs	3,465,337	4,557,618	4,244,369	313,249
Added needs	-	14,250	3,198	11,052
Total instruction	3,465,337	4,571,868	4,247,567	324,301
Supporting services				
Pupil	757,559	1,098,108	1,040,209	57,899
Instructional staff	3,662,817	5,785,348	5,070,349	714,999
General administration	523,956	546,738	532,394	14,344
School administration	20,287	20,637	20,528	109
Business	720,921	838,561	881,735	(43,174)
Operation/maintenance	617,499	1,014,180	944,771	69,409
Pupil transportation	104,500	77,500	106,530	(29,030)
Central	1,447,885	1,538,176	1,594,121	(55,945)
Total supporting services	7,855,424	10,919,248	10,190,637	728,611
Community services	239,784	357,505	376,052	(18,547)
-				
Transfer to school districts and other governmental units	2,318,909	2,799,703	2,203,158	596,545
Debt service		61,973	86,656	(24,683)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	13,879,454	18,710,297	17,104,070	1,606,227
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,633,259)	(1,365,597)	(1 340 660)	24,937
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITORES	(1,055,259)	(1,303,397)	(1,340,660)	24,937
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from leases/SBITAs	-	97,824	319,808	221,984
Transfers in	2,122,399	2,216,334	2,179,878	(36,456)
Transfers out	(266,597)	(566,597)	(525,986)	40,611
				i
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	1,855,802	1,747,561	1,973,700	226,139
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 222,543	\$ 381,964	633,040	\$ 251,076
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year			2,628,697	
End of year			\$ 3,261,737	

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 10,412,720	\$ 11,114,065	\$ 11,362,469	\$ 248,404
State sources	8,822,759	9,540,793	9,682,723	141,930
Federal sources	3,952,115	4,209,368	4,189,370	(19,998)
Interdistrict sources and other	8,833,573	9,423,130	9,211,645	(211,485)
TOTAL REVENUES	32,021,167	34,287,356	34,446,207	158,851
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction				
Added needs	3,621,930	3,413,207	3,234,406	178,801
Supporting services				
Pupil	11,533,470	12,153,247	11,510,885	642,362
Instructional staff	1,052,114	1,101,489	1,061,002	40,487
General administration	150,000	140,000	138,298	1,702
School administration	396,525	377,199	363,420	13,779
Business	68,223	56,024	54,221	1,803
Operation/maintenance	107,330	251,137	310,733	(59,596)
Pupil transportation	2,938,305	3,375,238	3,089,879	285,359
Central	112,945	125,354	128,988	(3,634)
Total supporting services	16,358,912	17,579,688	16,657,426	922,262
Community services	56,514	82,947	57,214	25,733
Debt service		25,176	41,364	(16,188)
Transfer to school districts and other				
governmental units	9,700,768	11,763,099	11,780,247	(17,148)
Soverimental antes		11,100,077	11,700,217	(17)1105
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	29,738,124	32,864,117	31,770,657	1,093,460
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,283,043	1,423,239	2,675,550	1,252,311
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from leases/SBITAs	_	147,925	249,633	101,708
Transfers out	(2,306,746)	(2,368,514)	(2,413,150)	(44,636)
	(2,300,740)	(2,300,314)	(2,413,130)	(44,030)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	(2,306,746)	(2,220,589)	(2,163,517)	57,072
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (23,703)	\$ (797,350)	512,033	\$ 1,309,383
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year			1,510,056	
End of year			¢ 2022000	
End Of year			\$ 2,022,089	

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES Local sources State sources Federal sources Intermediate district and other	\$ 3,031,480 1,386,590 297,165 505,200	\$ 3,214,100 2,091,121 367,512 389,900	\$ 3,253,532 2,423,453 366,512 385,299	\$ 39,432 332,332 (1,000) (4,601)
TOTAL REVENUES	5,220,435	6,062,633	6,428,796	366,163
EXPENDITURES Instruction Added needs	3,347,859	3,361,635	3,312,652	48,983
	5,547,055	3,301,033	5,512,032	40,903
Supporting services Pupil Instructional staff School administration Business Operation/maintenance Pupil transportation Central	1,095,468 458,006 460,342 3,000 - 213,350 12,500	1,142,055 478,343 385,061 3,000 189,622 217,166 77,143	$1,151,181 \\ 424,101 \\ 377,701 \\ 2,054 \\ 203,550 \\ 238,505 \\ 43,578$	(9,126) 54,242 7,360 946 (13,928) (21,339) 33,565
Total supporting services	2,242,666	2,492,390	2,440,670	51,720
Community services	4,000	4,000	2,829	1,171
Transfer to school districts and other governmental units		200,000	607,799	(407,799)
Debt service		75,526	76,076	(550)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,594,525	6,133,551	6,440,026	(306,475)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCIES) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(374,090)	(70,918)	(11,230)	59,688
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from leases/SBITAs Transfers out	(205,816)	189,072 (224,448)	203,550 (195,739)	14,478 28,709
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(205,816)	(35,376)	7,811	43,187
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (579,906)	\$ (106,294)	(3,419)	\$ 102,875
FUND BALANCE Beginning of year			3,403,270	
End of year			\$ 3,399,851	

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30)

	2023 2022		2021 2020		2019 2018		2017 2016		2015	2014	
Reporting Unit's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.11660%	0.11583%	0.11567%	0.11297%	0.11119%	0.10686%	0.10203%	0.09722%	0.09093%	0.09566%	
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 37,738,293	\$ 43,564,019	\$ 27,385,075	\$ 38,806,616	\$ 36,821,509	\$ 32,123,687	\$ 26,440,435	\$ 24,255,435	\$ 22,209,418	\$ 21,071,438	
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 12,056,638	\$ 11,097,045	\$ 10,686,281	\$ 10,252,689	\$ 9,808,246	\$ 9,467,511	\$ 8,709,026	\$ 8,527,260	\$ 7,690,197	\$ 8,448,492	
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	313.01%	392.57%	256.26%	378.50%	375.41%	339.30%	303.60%	284.45%	288.80%	249.41%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability (Non-university employers)	65.91%	60.77%	72.60%	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%	

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF YEAR ENDED JUNE 30)

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2018 2017		2015	
Statutorily required pension contributions	\$ 5,008,026	\$ 5,307,934	\$ 3,887,612	\$ 3,420,868	\$ 3,052,452	\$ 2,924,307	\$ 2,798,385	\$ 2,356,657	\$ 2,090,007	\$ 1,722,375	
Pension contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	5,008,026	5,307,934	3,887,612	3,420,868	3,052,452	2,924,307	2,798,385	2,356,657	2,090,007	1,722,375	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 12,850,635	\$ 12,285,693	\$ 11,009,847	\$ 10,480,072	\$ 10,187,780	\$ 9,689,199	\$ 9,382,472	\$ 8,534,318	\$ 8,119,266	\$ 8,374,992	
Pension contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	38.97%	43.20%	35.31%	32.64%	29.96%	30.18%	29.83%	27.61%	25.74%	20.57%	

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Reporting Unit's proportion of net other postemployment benefit liability/asset (%)	0.12027%	0.11414%	0.11787%	0.11553%	0.11256%	0.11144%	0.10242%
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net other postemployment benefit liability (asset)	\$ (680,380)	\$ 2,417,585	\$ 1,799,153	\$ 6,189,206	\$ 8,079,209	\$ 8,858,127	\$ 9,069,524
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 12,056,638	\$ 11,097,045	\$ 10,686,281	\$ 10,252,689	\$ 9,808,246	\$ 9,467,511	\$ 8,709,026
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net other postemployment benefit liability/asset as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	5.64%	21.79%	16.84%	60.37%	82.37%	93.56%	104.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total other postemployment benefit liability (Non-university employers)	105.04%	83.09%	87.33%	59.44%	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the Agency presents information for those years for which information is available.

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF YEAR ENDED JUNE 30)

	2024 2023		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Statutorily required other postemployment benefit contributions	\$ 1,081,659	\$ 975,663	\$ 899,873	\$ 909,524	\$ 854,732	\$ 806,702	\$ 804,562
Other postemployment benefit contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	1,081,659	975,663	899,873	909,524	854,732	806,702	804,562
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 12,850,635	\$ 12,285,693	\$ 11,009,847	\$ 10,480,072	\$ 10,187,780	\$ 9,689,199	\$ 9,382,472
Other postemployment benefit contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	8.42%	7.94%	8.17%	8.68%	8.39%	8.33%	8.58%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the Agency presents information for those years for which information is available.

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## **NOTE 1 - PENSION INFORMATION**

Benefit Changes - there were no changes of benefit terms in 2023.

Changes of Assumptions - the assumption changes for 2023 were:

Mortality assumptions were updated to the Pub-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables from the RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant table.

## **NOTE 2 - OPEB INFORMATION**

Benefit Changes - there were no changes of benefit terms in 2023.

Changes of Assumptions - the assumption changes for 2023 were:

- Healthcare Cost Trend Rate
  - Pre 65 decreased to 7.50% for year one graded to 3.50% for year fifteen from 7.75% for year one graded to 3.50% for year fifteen.
  - Post 65 increased to 6.25% for year one and graded to 3.5% for year fifteen from 5.25% for year one and graded to 3.5% for year fifteen.
- Mortality assumptions were updated to the Pub-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables from the RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant table.

## ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds							Capital Project Funds						
	Food Student/ Service School Fund Activities		Debt Service Fund		General Capital Projects Fund		Special Education Capital Projects Fund		Career and Technical Education Capital Projects Fund		N	Total onmajor Funds		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental	\$	2,112 1,819	\$	47,510 -	\$	28,312 -	\$	644,336 -	\$	166,292 -	\$	38,121	\$	926,683 1,819
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,931	\$	47,510	\$	28,312	\$	644,336	\$	166,292	\$	38,121	\$	928,502
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued salaries and related items Accrued retirement	\$	633 1,122	\$	1,435 - -	\$	- -	\$	5,837 - -	\$	5,837 - -	\$	- - -	\$	13,109 633 1,122
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,755		1,435		-		5,837		5,837				14,864
FUND BALANCES Restricted for food service Committed for student/school activities Assigned		2,176 -		- 46,075		-		-		-		-		2,176 46,075
Debt service Capital projects		-		-		28,312		- 638,499		- 160,455		- 38,121		28,312 837,075
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		2,176		46,075		28,312		638,499		160,455		38,121		913,638
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	3,931	\$	47,510	\$	28,312	\$	644,336	\$	166,292	\$	38,121	\$	928,502

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Special Rev	enue F	unds				Ca	apital	Project Fund	ls			
	5	Food ervice Fund	2	tudent/ School ctivities	Debt Service Fund		General Capital Projects Fund		Special Education Capital Projects Fund		Career and Technical Education Capital Projects Fund		Total Nonmajor Funds	
REVENUES														
Local sources	\$	-	\$	31,864	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31,864
State sources		22,884		-		-		-		-		-		22,884
Federal sources		69,776		-		-		-		-		-		69,776
TOTAL REVENUES		92,660		31,864		-		-		-	1	-		124,524
EXPENDITURES														
Food service		144,430		-		-		-		-		-		144,430
Student/school activities				20,549	-			-	-		-			20,549
Capital outlay		-		-		-	- 347,625			394,635		36,148		778,408
Debt service							,							,
Principal repayment		-		-		145,000		-		-		-		145,000
Interest expense		-		-		96,225		-		-		-		96,225
r														
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		144,430		20,549		241,225		347,625		394,635		36,148		1,184,612
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES														
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(51,770)		11,315		(241,225)		(347,625)		(394,635)		(36,148)		(1,060,088)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
Transfers in		51,771		_		241,226		450,000		200,000		12,000		954,997
		51,771				241,220		430,000		200,000		12,000		754,777
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1		11,315		1		102,375		(194,635)		(24,148)		(105,091)
FUND BALANCES														
Beginning of year		2,175		34,760		28,311		536,124		355,090		62,269		1,018,729
Deginning of year		2,173		34,700		20,311		550,124		333,090		04,409		1,010,729
End of year	\$	2,176	\$	46,075	\$	28,312	\$	638,499	\$	160,455	\$	38,121	\$	913,638

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY SCHEDULE OF BONDED DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS 2018 BUILDING AND SITE BONDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

0		Interest Due								
Year Ending		Pri	ncipal Due						Total Due	
June 30,	Interest Rate		May 1	May 1		No	vember 1	Annually		
2025	3.50%	\$	150,000	\$	45,938	\$	45,938	\$	241,876	
2026	3.50%		155,000		43,313		43,313		241,626	
2027			-		40,600		40,600		81,200	
2028	3.50%		325,000		37,800		37,800		400,600	
2029			-		34,913		34,913		69,826	
2030	3.50%		345,000		31,938		31,938		408,876	
2031			-		28,875		28,875		57,750	
2032	3.50%		375,000		25,638		25,638		426,276	
2033	3.50%		195,000		22,313		22,313		239,626	
2034	3.50%		200,000		18,900		18,900		237,800	
2035	3.50%		210,000		15,400		15,400		240,800	
2036	3.50%		215,000		11,725		11,725		238,450	
2037	3.50%		225,000		7,963		7,963		240,926	
2038	3.50%		230,000		4,025		4,025		238,050	
Total 2018 bond	ed debt	\$	2,625,000	\$	369,341	\$	369,341	\$	3,363,682	

2018 Building and Site Bonds

The above bonds dated May 22, 2018, were issued for the purpose of remodeling, equipping and reequipping, and furnishing and refurnishing educational buildings and facilities; purchasing and installing information technology systems, equipment and software; and developing and improving sites. The amount of the original bond issue was \$3,300,000.

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Assistance Approved Listing Award/Grant		Prior Year Expenditures (Memo Only)	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Receipts	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 6/30/2024	Current Year Cash Transferred to Subrecipient
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> Passed through Michigan Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Program School Breakfast Program 241970 School Breakfast Program 231970 Total ALN 10.553	10.553 10.553	\$ 19,024 18,640 37,664	\$ - 340 340	\$ - 15,758 15,758	\$ 19,024 2,542 21,566	\$ 18,522 2,882 21,404	\$ 502 	\$
National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program 241960 National School Lunch Program 231960 National School Lunch Program 240910	10.555 10.555 10.555	35,641 35,280 7,622	491	30,257	35,641 4,532 7,622	34,712 5,023 7,622	929 - -	-
Total ALN 10.555		78,543	491	30,257	47,795	47,357	929	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		116,207	831	46,015	69,361	68,761	1,431	
Local Food for Schools 230985	10.185	415			415	415		
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		116,622	831	46,015	69,776	69,176	1,431	
U.S. Department of Education Passed through Michigan Department of Education Special Education Cluster Special Education Grants to States COVID-19 - ARP Flowthrough 221280-2122 General Supervision 240493-2324 General Supervision 230493-2223 Flowthrough 240450-2324 Flowthrough 230450-2223 Flowthrough 220450-2122	84.027X 84.027 84.027 84.027 84.027 84.027	694,234 172,600 156,900 3,652,594 3,473,096 3,448,515	663,668 - 16,543 - 772,074 24,037	663,668 156,900 3,461,202 24,037	1,646 172,600 3,614,293 11,891	665,314 143,745 16,543 2,094,928 772,074 24,037	28,855 1,519,365 11,891	- - 2,642,453 762,765 -
Passed through Marquette Alger RESA Special Education Cluster Special Education Grants to States Grant Funded Initiatives 240470-2D33 Grant Funded Initiatives 230470-2D33 Total ALN 84.027	84.027 84.027	5,827 1,320 11,605,086	1,476,322	4,305,807	5,827 	5,827 3,723,788	  1,560,111	

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title/ Pass-through Grantor's Number			Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Receipts	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 6/30/2024	Current Year Cash Transferred to Subrecipient		
<u>U.S. Department of Education (continued)</u> Passed through Michigan Department of Education Special Education Cluster Special Education Preschool Grants								
COVID-19 - ARP Preschool 221285-2122	84.173X	\$ 54,121	\$ (3,450)	\$ 3,448	\$ 22,037	\$ 18,587	\$ -	\$-
240460-2324	84.173	111,371	-	-	84,959	58,276	26,683	-
230460-2223	84.173	108,910	14,199	90,509	18,401	32,600	-	
Total ALN 84.173		274,402	10,749	93,957	125,397	109,463	26,683	
Total Special Education Cluster		11,879,488	1,487,071	4,399,764	3,932,974	3,833,251	1,586,794	3,405,218
Passed through Michigan Department of Education and Clinton County Regional Education Service Agency Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Regional Allocation 243520-241214 Regional Allocation 233520-231214	84.048 84.048	366,512 297,165	- 96,611	- 297,165	366,512	198,570 96,611	167,942	-
Regional Anocation 255520-251214	04.040	297,103	90,011	297,103		90,011		
Total ALN 84.048		663,677	96,611	297,165	366,512	295,181	167,942	
Passed through Michigan Department of Education Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families 221283-EOARP	84.181X	55,692	299	16,156	24,113	24,412	-	
241340-2324 231340-2223	84.181 84.181	128,380 118,411	- 118,411	- 118,411	128,380	99,486 118,411	28,894	-
251540-2225	04.101	110,411	110,411	110,411		110,411		
Total ALN 84.181		302,483	118,710	134,567	152,493	242,309	28,894	
Passed through Michigan Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies								
241570-2324	84.010	360,500	-	-	259,221	231,550	27,671	220,625
231570-2223	84.010	456,552	229,162	324,051	64,625	293,787		144,524
Total ALN 84.010		817,052	229,162	324,051	323,846	525,337	27,671	365,149
Passed through Michigan Department of Education Education Stabilization Fund COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (Homeless Children and Youth II)								
211013-2223	84.425W	71,905	-	-	71,905	71,905	-	-
211013-2122 211012-2122	84.425W 84.425W	306,600 323,854	18,402	18,402	199,090 78,024	169,344 60,702	48,148 17,322	-
	01.12.5 W	525,054			/0,024	00,702	17,322	
Total ALN 84.425		702,359	18,402	18,402	349,019	301,951	65,470	

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal Assistance Approved Listing Award/Grant Number Amount		Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 7/1/2023	Prior Year Expenditures (Memo Only)	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Receipts	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 6/30/2024	Current Year Cash Transferred to Subrecipient
<u>U.S. Department of Education (continued)</u> Passed through Michigan Department of Education								
Education for Homeless Children and Youth 242320-2324 Education for Homeless Children and Youth 232320-2223	84.196 84.196	\$ 188,957 92,788	\$- 74,598	\$- 74,598	\$ 6,753 7,817	\$	\$ 810	\$ - -
Total ALN 84.196		281,745	74,598	74,598	14,570	88,358	810	
Passed through Western Michigan University Supporting Effective Education Development (SEED) S423A230051	84.423	25,740			16,737		16,737	
Total U.S. Department of Education		14,672,544	2,024,554	5,248,547	5,156,151	5,286,387	1,894,318	3,770,367
<u>U.S. Department of Treasury</u> Passed through Michigan Department of Education COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund GSRP 232425-2223 GSRP 232390-2223C GSRP 232390-2223 GSRP 222390-2122C	21.027 21.027 21.027 21.027	892,857 18,589 18,011 11,966	267,857 - 18,011 11,966	267,857 - 18,011 11,966	- 18,589 - -	267,857 18,589 18,011 11,966	- - -	- 789 -
Total ALN 21.027 and U.S. Department of Treasury		941,423	297,834	297,834	18,589	316,423		789
<u>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</u> Passed through Michigan Department of Community Health Affordable Care Act (ACA) Personal Responsibility Education Program 20240366-00 2023-2024 20233245-00 2022-2023	93.092 93.092	96,000 100,000	14,339	50,238	77,188 19,664	61,767 34,003	15,421	
Total ALN 93.092		196,000	14,339	50,238	96,852	95,770	15,421	
Direct Program Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects of Regional and National Significance 5H79SM084650-02 6H79SM084650-01M001	93.243 93.243	125,000 125,000	29,101	81,573	61,257 11,421	50,266 40,522	10,991	-
Total ALN 93.243		250,000	29,101	81,573	72,678	90,788	10,991	

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Approved Award/Grant Amount	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 7/1/2023	Prior Year Expenditures (Memo Only)	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Receipts	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 6/30/2024	Current Year Cash Transferred to Subrecipient
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (continued) Direct Program Cooperative Agreements to Promote Adolescent Health through School-Based HIV/STD Prevention and School-Based Surveillance COVID-19 - CDC Dash CDC Mental Health Supplement CDC Supplemental DEI	93.079 93.079 93.079	\$ 1,111,467 360,000 100,000	\$ 74,603 14,906	\$ 363,052 163,493	\$ 405,489 128,395 79,405	\$ 418,320 112,172 33,714	\$ 61,772 31,129 45,691	\$ - - -
Passed through Advocates for Youth								
Advocates for Youth	93.079	4,000	(85)	3,915	85			
Total ALN 93.079		1,575,467	89,424	530,460	613,374	564,206	138,592	
Direct Program Medicaid Cluster Medical Assistance Program 2023-2024 2022-2023	93.778 93.778	123,058 103,903	(51,808)	-	103,903	70,972 52,095	(70,972)	33,155
Total ALN 93.778		226,961	(51,808)		103,903	123,067	(70,972)	33,155
Passed through Mid-State Health Network Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse MSHN Clinton/Eaton/Ingham MSHN Clinton/Eaton/Ingham Total ALN 93.959	93.959 93.959	253,181 	51,589	231,966	133,746 33,597 167,343	102,804 	30,942	
Opioid STR Prevention Grant 2023 Prevention Grant 2022	93.788 93.788	80,918 98,000	14,235	74,049	60,043 186	59,950 14,421	93	
Total ALN 93.788		178,918	14,235	74,049	60,229	74,371	93	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		2,972,950	146,880	968,286	1,114,379	1,136,192	125,067	33,155
<u>Federal Communications Commission (FCC)</u> Passed through the Universal Service Administrative Company COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009	10,870	2,646	2,646		2,646		
Total ALN 32.009		10,870	2,646	2,646		2,646		
Total Federal Financial Awards		\$ 18,714,409	\$ 2,472,745	\$ 6,563,328	\$ 6,358,895	\$ 6,810,824	\$ 2,020,816	\$ 3,804,311

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Listing Contract Sub		Due to (from) Subrecipient 7/1/23	Subrecipient Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Transferred to Subrecipient	Due to (from) Subrecipient 6/30/24	
<u>U.S. Department of Education</u> Passed through Michigan Department of Education Special Education Cluster Special Education Grants to States Project number 2404502324 - Passed through to: Grand Ledge Public Schools Insight Academy LifeTech Academy	84.027	\$ 3,367,949 123,637 82,196	\$ - - -	\$ 3,367,949 123,637 82,196	\$ 2,461,975 98,282 82,196	\$ 905,974 25,355 -	
		3,573,782		3,573,782	2,642,453	931,329	
Project number 2304502223 - Passed through to: Grand Ledge Public Schools Insight Academy LifeTech Academy	84.027	3,237,224 137,179 70,253	725,379 26,160 11,226	- - -	725,379 26,160 11,226	- - -	
		3,444,656	762,765	-	762,765	-	
Total Special Education Grants to States Cluster		7,018,438	762,765	3,573,782	3,405,218	931,329	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010						
Project number 2415702324 - Passed through to: Insight Academy LifeTech Academy		137,500 137,500		120,045 125,000	95,625 125,000	24,420	
		275,000	-	245,045	220,625	24,420	
Project number 2315702223 - Passed through to: Insight Academy LifeTech Academy	84.010	321,229 227,296	32,351 49,259	18,499 44,415	50,850 93,674		
		548,525	81,610	62,914	144,524	-	
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		823,525	81,610	307,959	365,149	24,420	

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Subrecipient Award/ Contract Amount		Due to (from) Subrecipient 7/1/23		Subrecipient Current Year Expenditures		Current Year Cash Transferred to Subrecipient		Due to (from) Subrecipient 6/30/24	
<u>U.S. Department of Treasury</u> Passed through Michigan Department of Education COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local - Fiscal Recovery Fund (GSRP) Project number 232390-2223C - Passed through to: Capital Area Community Services Total COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local - Fiscal Recovery Fund (GSRP)	21.027	\$	<u>16,181</u> 16,181	\$	789	\$		\$	789	\$	<u> </u>
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Direct Program Medicaid Cluster Medicaid Assistance Program 2022-2023 Charlotte Public Schools Eaton Rapids Public Schools Grand Ledge Public Schools Maple Valley Schools Potterville Public Schools Island City Academy	93.778		6,161 9,632 13,358 2,451 1,833 (278)		- - - - - -	1	6,161 9,631 3,358 2,451 1,832 (278)		6,161 9,631 13,358 2,451 1,832 (278)		- - - - - -
2021-2022 Charlotte Public Schools Eaton Rapids Public Schools Grand Ledge Public Schools Maple Valley Schools Potterville Public Schools	93.778		33,157 4,623 8,206 7,772 1,912 1,015 23,528		(457) (862) (814) (225) (64) (2,422)		457 862 814 225 64 2,422		33,155		- - - - - -
Total Medicaid Assistance Program Cluster			56,685		(2,422)	3	5,577		33,155		-
Total federal funds passed through to subrecipients		<u>\$</u> 7,	914,829	\$	842,742	\$ 3,91	7,318	\$	3,804,311	\$	955,749

## **NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency.

The Agency qualifies for low-risk auditee status. Management has utilized the NexSys, Cash Management System, and the Grant Auditor Report in preparing the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

## **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are now allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available. Eaton Regional Education Service Agency has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

The expenditures on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards do not include local match.

## NOTE 3 - RECONCILIATION WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Reconciliation of federal revenues reported on the financial statements with expenditures per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards:

Federal expenditures are reported as revenue in the following funds in the financial statements:

General fund Special education fund Career and technical education fund Food service fund	\$	1,733,237 4,189,370 366,512 69,776
Expenditures per schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$	6,358,895
Federal intergovernmental receivables as reported in Note 3 to the financial statement	s:	
Federal intergovernmental receivables Less: Deferred federal funds	\$	2,109,889 (89,073)

Accrued revenue per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards \$ 2,020,816

## **NOTE 4 - SUBRECIPIENTS**

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, Eaton Regional Education Service Agency provided federal awards to subrecipients reported in the enclosed schedule of pass-through amounts.

## **NOTE 5 - PROGRAM CLUSTERS**

Program clusters contained within the schedule are as follows:

Child Nutrition Cluster consists of Assistance Listing #10.553 and #10.555. The Special Education Cluster consists of Assistance Listing #84.027 and #84.173. The Medicaid Cluster consists of Assistance Listing #93.778.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Education of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2024.

## **Report Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

## **Report Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Manes Costerisan PC

September 27, 2024



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency

## **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

## **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Eaton Regional Education Service Agency complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

## Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- > Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Many Costerinan PC

September 27, 2024

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

## **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued based on financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:	Unmodified					
Internal control over financial reporting:						
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> None					
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes X None reported					
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes X None					
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major programs:						
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> None					
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes X None reported					
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified					
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	Yes X_No					
Identification of major programs:						
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster					
84.027, 84.173	Special Education Cluster					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? <u>X</u> Yes No						
Section II - Financial Statement Findings						
None						
Section III - Federal Award Findings and	Question Costs					

None

## EATON REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE AGENCY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

There were no audit findings in the prior year.



September 27, 2024

To the Board of Education of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency for the year ended June 30, 2024. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

## Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Eaton Regional Education Service Agency are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. As described in Note 15 to the financial statements, the Agency adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*, during the year ended June 30, 2024. We noted no transactions entered into by the Eaton Regional Education Service Agency during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

Estimates have been used to calculate the net pension liability and the net other postemployment benefit asset. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the balance of the net pension liability and net other postemployment benefit asset in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate in calculating the liability for employee compensated absences. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the balance of employee compensated absences in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's determination of the estimated life span of the capital assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used by management to develop the estimated life span of the capital assets in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole. In addition, certain amounts included in capital assets have been estimated based on an outside appraisal company.

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these accounting estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

## Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

## Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

## Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

## Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated September 27, 2024.

## Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

## Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Eaton Regional Education Service Agency's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

## Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on other supplementary information, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

## Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the management and members of the Board of Education of Eaton Regional Education Service Agency and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Many Costerinan PC